

Title: Formation of Present Indefinite Sentences

Objective:

To provide a clear understanding of how to construct sentences in the Present Indefinite Tense.

Key Points:

Basic Structure:

- The basic structure of a sentence in the Present Indefinite Tense includes a subject, a verb (in its base form or with "-s" or "-es" for third person singular), and optional complements or modifiers.

Subject-Verb Agreement:

- Ensure that the verb agrees with the subject in number and person.
 - For singular subjects (he, she, it), add "-s" or "-es" to the base form of the verb.
 - For plural subjects (I, you, we, they), use the base form of the verb.
- Example:
 - He works hard. (singular subject - verb with "-s")
 - They work hard. (plural subject - base form of the verb)

Formation of Affirmative Sentences:

- Affirmative sentences in the Present Indefinite Tense typically follow the subject-verb-object (SVO) order.
- Example:
 - Subject (S): She
 - Verb (V): reads
 - Object (O): books
 - Sentence: She reads books.

Negative Sentences:

- To form negative sentences, use the auxiliary verb "do" or "does" (depending on the subject) followed by "not" before the main verb.
- Example:
 - Subject: He
 - Auxiliary verb: does
 - Negative marker: not
 - Verb: work
 - Sentence: He does not work.

Question Formation:

- Questions in the Present Indefinite Tense are formed by inverting the subject and auxiliary verb "do" or "does."
- Example:
 - Statement: She reads books.
 - Question: Does she read books?

Interrogative Words:

- Use interrogative words (who, what, when, where, why, how) to form questions seeking specific information.
- Example:
 - Interrogative word: What
 - Subject: they
 - Verb: eat

- Sentence: What do they eat?

Examples:

Affirmative:

- She writes a letter every day.
- They play football on Saturdays.

Negative:

- He does not like spicy food.
- They do not attend classes on weekends.

Interrogative:

- Does she speak French?
- What do you do in your free time?

Conclusion:

Constructing sentences in the Present Indefinite Tense involves understanding the subject-verb agreement, sentence structure, and formation of affirmative, negative, and interrogative sentences. By following these guidelines and paying attention to verb forms and sentence order, individuals can effectively communicate actions, habits, or general truths in the present time frame.