| | Ratio - Part 2 |
|----------|---|
| | Rate: |
| 1 | |
| 1. | Definition : A rate is a special type of ratio that compares two quantities with different units. It represents the amount of one quantity relative to another quantity. |
| 2. 3. | |
| | Example : Miles per hour (mph), liters per minute (L/min), and dollars per pound (\$/lb) are examples of rates. |
| 4. | |
| | Proportion: |
| 1. | |
| 2. | Definition : A proportion is an equation that states two ratios are equal. |
| | • If :=: \(\subseteq \subseteq \subsete \), then \(\subseteq \is \to \subsete \) as \(\subsete \is \to \) and we say that \(\subsete \) is proportional to \(\subsete \). |
| 3. | |
| | Proportionality : In a proportion, the product of the means (inner terms) is equal to the product of the extremes (outer terms). |
| 4. | • × = × _x = _x × _ |
| | Scaling: |
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| 1. | |
| | Definition : Scaling involves multiplying or dividing all parts of a ratio by the same number to change its size while maintaining the same relationship between the quantities. |
| 2. | • Example: If the ratio of boys to girls in a classroom is 3:53:5, scaling it up by a factor of 2 results in a ratio of 6:106:10, which still represents the same ratio of boys to girls. |
| | |
| | Examples: |
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Recipe Ratios: In a recipe that calls for 2 cups of flour and 1 cup of sugar, the ratio of flour to sugar is 2:12:1.

3.

Speed: If a car travels 60 miles in 2 hours, the speed is $602=30_{260}=30$ miles per hour.

4.

5.

Proportional Relationships: If a car travels 120 miles in 4 hours and another car travels 180 miles in 6 hours, their speeds are in the same ratio, indicating a proportional relationship.

6.

Applications:

1.

Scaling Models: Ratios and proportions are used in scaling models of buildings, maps, and other structures to represent real-world measurements accurately.

2.

3.

Finance: Rates and ratios are used in finance to analyze investments, interest rates, and financial performance metrics.

4.

5.

Cooking: Ratios are commonly used in cooking to scale recipes up or down based on the desired number of servings.

6.

Conclusion:

Understanding ratios, rates, proportions, and scaling is crucial in various real-world applications, including cooking, construction, finance, and more. These concepts provide a framework for comparing quantities, analyzing relationships, and making informed decisions. By mastering the principles of ratios and their applications, individuals can solve a wide range of problems and effectively navigate various situations in everyday life and professional contexts.